# Leadership 2022 and Beyond

AGA Central Ohio Chapter Professional Development Conference

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Leadership 2022 and Beyond

Part 1: Theories and Styles

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#### What is a Leader

The concept of leadership is derived from the word 'Leader' in Anglo-Saxon origin, and the word leader means 'taking people on a journey and guiding them on the journey'.

Leadership is a concept that can be analyzed and defined in different ways when taken from different perspectives.

So let us start our journey!

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### Leadership 2022 and Beyond Agenda 1. Leadership Theories 2. Leadership Styles 3. Leading with Empathy Leadership 2022 and Beyond Outcomes 1. Recognize various Leadership styles Beyond 2. Describe the evolution of Leadership 3. Apply empathetic leadership skills FRANKLIN RUNIVERSITY

#### Kippenberger (2002)'s chronological order of leadership is important in terms of reflecting the development process of the concept

- The Big Man Theory until the mid 1900's
  1900 1948 Properties Theory
  1930s, Autocratic, Democratic and Laissez Faire Leadership Styles
- 1945 1960s Behavioral Theories .
- 1957 1970's Contingency Theories
- 1967 Contingency Theory to the Present
- 1970 Charismatic Leadership Until Present
  1970 Team Leadership Until Today
- 1970 Servant Leadership Until Today
- 1978 Transformational Leadership until Today

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- A leader is the person who encourages a group of people to behave in line with a specific purpose and that these people follow in order to achieve their personal and group goals, and act in accordance with his requests, orders and instructions (Koçel, 2010: 569).
- A leader is a person who has the power to influence a group or the people in the organization for a specific purpose (Baltaş, 2007: 32).
- A leader is a creative person who influences the behavior of the people as he wishes and guides them
  while performing this act of influence, enlightens, teaches, sees the foresight, gives orders and
  instructions, and senses the wishes and needs of the people he works with in time (Bakan, 2008: 14).
- Leadership is to persuade people to put aside their individual interests and to follow a general goal that is important for the well-being of a group (Lunenburg and Ornstein, 1996: 113).
- Leadership is the process of directing the activities of others to achieve personal or group goals under certain conditions (Kayalar and Özmutaf, 2008: 565).



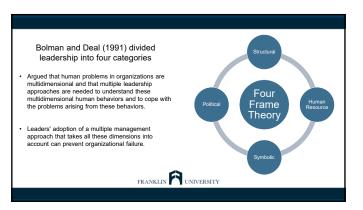
#### **Theory Categories**

### 1. Trait

- Basic idea remains that if a person possesses these she or he will be able to take the lead in very different situations.
- 2. Behavioral They moved from leaders to leadership – and this became the dominant way of approaching leadership within organizations in the 1950s and early 1960s
- Contingency
   The idea that what is needed changes from situation to situation. central idea was that effective leadership was dependent on a mix of factors 4. Transformational
  - Approach their followers with an eye to trading one thing for another (1977: 4), while the latter are visionary leaders who seek to appeal to their followers 'better nature and move them toward higher and more universal needs and purposes' (Bolman and Deal 1997: 314). In other words, the leader is seen as a change agent. FRANKLIN RUNIVERSITY







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	JISSS	The Journal of Academic Social Science Studies Year: 14 - Number: 85 , p. 355-377, Summer 2021	Jasss	
Analysis of Leadership Styles in Institutions in the Context of Bolman and Deal's Four Framework: A Comparative Research on the Barking Sector				
	ORCID Dr. http://www.freef.com/article			
Your Turn!				
Take the Leadership Orientation Questionnaire				
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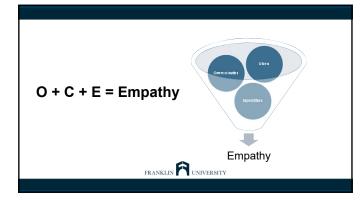


### Why Empathy?

2021 Ernst and Young Empathy in Business Survey

- · 54% of workers left a previous job because their boss wasn't empathetic to their struggles at work
- 49% said employers were unsympathetic to their personal lives
- +  $\,$  46% feel their company's efforts to be empathetic toward employees are dishonest
- 42% say that their company doesn't follow through on its promises
- $\,$  88% feel that empathetic leadership creates loyalty among employees toward their leaders
- 90% say empathetic leadership leads to higher job satisfaction
- 79% agree it decreases employee turnover

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thank

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